



# BUICK for 1928

# China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845



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Registered Optometrist (Canada).

No. 25,679 HONG KONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1927.

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

## OPEN ENEMY.

Wu-Han and Nanking Nationalists May Clash.

## HOSTILITIES IMMINENT.

How This Development Will Affect Canton.

## POLITICAL ASPECT OF SITUATION.

Is it the beginning of the end?

To all intents and purposes, the two major factions of the Chinese Nationalists are now openly at variance. Hostilities have broken out between Wu-Han and Nanking, and Wu-Han is well on the way towards severing political relations, an action that may have considerable bearing on Canton's attitude. There are several indications to day that the Nationalist Government at Nanking is in process of disintegration, what with war breaking out again on the Yangtze.

## FOES ON BOTH SIDES.

Hostilities are reported to have broken out on the Yangtze River, above and below Nanking, involving three rival cliques in the Nationalist Party.

The Wu-Han armies which came down to Wuhan are moving forward again, ostensibly with Nanking as their objective. Below Nanking (i.e., at Chinkiang), adherents of Chiang Kai-shek are taking up positions in readiness to keep out armies supporting the Nanking coalition, tension having been caused by movements at Wuhu.

General Liu Hsing (36th Army) of Wu-Han is leading the advance down river and his men are reported to have clashed with and repulsed the outposts of the 7th Army (General Li Tsung-jen) of the Nanking side. The "action" was fought 4½ miles south-east of Wuhu, whence the 7th Army retreated down river towards Nanking.

### Japanese to Leave?

According to Japanese advice from Wuhu (quoted by the "Kung Sheung Yat Po"), the Wu-Han forces surrounded detachments belonging to General Li Tsung-jen and also to General Ho Ying-ching (Chiang Kai-shek's right hand man) and to General Ching Chien (6th Army), who came down from Wu-Han but is supposed to be in favour of the Nanking coalition government. Some of the Nanking troops extricated themselves, continues the report, and retired on Nanking.

Japanese nationals are ready to leave Chinkiang. Here the trouble is said to be caused by General Ho Ying-ching's army exercising precautions to prevent the approach of troops under General Li Tsung-jen of Nanking and of General Ching Chien (formerly of Wu-Han but now supporting Nanking).

### IN THE WAR ZONE.

Wuhu Position: Nanking Troops Get Pay.

### Wuhu: Yesterday.

A mild form of martial law has been enforced by the military in charge here.

The troops have shut down the local labour unions.

From Anking (up-river), the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs has now returned to Wuhu.—British Naval Wireless.

### Northerners Come Down.

#### Nanking, Yesterday.

Some of the Northern army (under Marshal Sun Chuan-fang) is reported to have come down the Tientsin-Pukow Railway to Chuchow, which is only about 30 miles away from the north bank of the Yangtze River.

A number of the troops who have been disaffected have now received payment.

Measles is now prevalent in Nanking but cholera has almost subsided.—British Naval Wireless.

### 3,000 DISARMED.

Chiang's Adherents Extending Power.

#### Shanghai, Yesterday.

General Chow Feng-chi has re-signed the chairmanships of the provincial and military committees of the Revolutionary in Chinkiang province.

It is reported that 3,000 of Chow Feng-chi's troops at Hang-

## TO BE PAID OFF.

Canton and the Pseudo Strikers.

### \$3,600,000 REQUIRED.

Treasury Bonds To Be Issued By Authorities.

"Rather than fill up their stomachs and see them idle," the Canton authorities prefer to wind up the anti-Hong Kong strike movement, says a Chinese report.

Hitherto members of the strike movement who have been unable or who have not chosen to obtain employment ever since the official ending of the affair on October 10, 1926, have been provided with free accommodation and meals by the Canton Government.

A demobilisation bonus of \$100 per man was promised of which \$10 has been paid.

To wind up the Strikers' Association, continues the report, the Canton Government has been borrowing from the merchants of "towns and cities" in Kwangtung province. Some of the merchants have paid up. The district administrations have been instructed to hasten up collection so that final payment of the gratuity can be made.

### HIGH FINANCE.

Treasury Scheme to Raise the Wind.

Another report on the subject makes interesting reading.

Canton's provincial treasurer estimates that \$3,600,000 will be required to pay the strikers off. At \$90 per head, the number of strikers remaining in Canton is therefore 40,000.

The branch of the Kuomintang Political Council has decided that payment will begin on October 10 (the anniversary of the Chinese Republic), exactly a year after Mr. Eugene Chen announced the end of the strike.

Half of the sum required (i.e., \$1,800,000) will be raised by issuing treasury bonds, maturing in six months. The proceeds will be used to pay the bonus and the Government will then be able to save \$300,000 a month, which now goes to feed the men. The total of the savings in six months will then offset the bond issue.

### ONLY SMILED.

Chiang Kai-shek's Impending Marriage.

Osaka, Yesterday. General Chiang Kai-shek has arrived at Nagasaki and is going to Unzen.

He told reporters he was visiting Japan to observe her progress during the past ten years.

He was undecided whether he will go on to America and only smiled when asked about his proposed marriage with Miss Soong Mei-ling. Reuter.

Shanghai, Yesterday.

General Chiang Kai-shek has sailed for Japan. British Naval Wireless.

### NOT PAID.

Interest on Anglo-French Loan.

Peking, Yesterday. It is feared that the Chinese Government will default in the Anglo-French loan. Interest due to bondholders on October 5 has not yet been paid in to the banks as should have been paid.—Reuter.

### UP THE YANGTZE.

Foreign Residence Occupied by Chinese.

Chiang, Yesterday. Chinese troops occupied Mackenzie and Co.'s residence on Tuesday and left after a brief stay.—British Naval Wireless.

## SWATOW STILL "RED."

Canton Warships Leave Harbour.

### RELIEF EXPEDITION WAITING.

Ex-Hong Kong Strikers Join in Campaign.

Latest news from Swatow is that the Communist invaders are still in possession.

No further attempt has been made by the Canton naval arm to recapture Swatow by a landing force.

### SITUATION OBSCURE.

Swatow, Yesterday. The Communist Army still holds the port of Swatow but the situation is not clear as to when the Cantonese hope to regain possession.

The pro-Canton Government warships which attempted to send landing parties ashore yesterday have again left the harbour.—British Naval Wireless.

### CHINESE REPORTS.

Shanghai, Yesterday. Nanking has given orders for the arrest of an official who is alleged to have handed over

to the Communists.

His Lordship (Mr. Justice J. R. Wood) summed up for a full hour when the case was re-opened this morning and the jury retired for thirty-five minutes, finally returning a verdict of Guilty against the two prisoners, who were then sentenced to death.

His Lordship, addressing the prisoners, said: You have had a fair trial. The evidence on this indictment has been carefully considered by the jury and they have recorded a unanimous verdict that you are both guilty. Therefore my duty is to pass sentence of death upon you.

His Lordship then donned the significant black cap.

Prisoners received their sentences with composure.

### SHIPPING UP.

In the course of summing up, earlier in the morning's proceedings, His Lordship emphasised that the Crown had to prove the prisoners' guilt beyond all reasonable doubt for a verdict of Guilty to be returned. The onus was on the Crown to prove its case and a Not Guilty verdict did not necessarily mean that the jury was satisfied of the innocence of the prisoner or prisoners, but merely that they were not satisfied that the case had been positively proved.

Referring to the case against the men as being based entirely on circumstantial evidence, His Lordship said that there were a number of circumstances involving prisoners, any one of which might not involve them very much by itself. It was for the jury to sift them out and arrange them together to see if collectively they produced that feeling of certainty which was equivalent to the positive proof of eyewitnesses.

### BIG FIGHT SOON.

Communists Out of Immediate Danger.

From a reliable source, the "China Mail" understands that the Communists still hold Chao-chow, their strength there having been reinforced by over 1,000 men from Swatow and along the rail-way.

The Communists' plan is now to give battle to the left wing of the pro-Canton army before the centre column comes up in line, the latter being delayed over difficult country. The Canton right wing, in the vicinity of Kityang (the closest to Swatow), is the weakest and is not advancing.

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Advice by mail from Swatow is that the banks, Chinese hongs and the bigger shops are still closed for fear of further trouble.

Strikers in Uniform.

Detachments of the Communist army have been identified as former anti-Hong Kong strikers who have joined in with the invaders and have been provided with uniforms.

Observers are now of the opinion that the "Reds" have extricated themselves from the danger of being surrounded. In a day or two, they will be face to face with the right wing of the relief expedition which is slowly moving down the Han River from Mu-lyuen, and a decisive action is expected. Should the Communists win, they may go westwards to the East River where they may meet sterner opposition or make a bid for Canton.

Shanghai, Yesterday. General Chiang Kai-shek has sailed for Japan. British Naval Wireless.

### NOT PAID.

Interest on Anglo-French Loan.

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### FAIR WEATHER.

S.E. winds, moderate; fair, is the official weather forecast until noon to-morrow.

The typhoon which does not appear to be violent, is near Tokyo moving N.E. A depression has formed over Tongking. A belt of relatively high pressure stretches from Korea to Formosa.

### TO-DAY'S DOLLAR.

The closing rate of the dollar in London to-day is £1.11.17/18.

## DEATH SENTENCE.

Chai Wan Murder Trial Concludes.

## BOTH PRISONERS GUILTY.

Jury Unanimous After Long Retirement.

The concluding stages in the Chai Wan murder trial drama were reached at the Criminal Sessions this morning in the presence of many interested spectators.

His Lordship (Mr. Justice J. R. Wood) summed up for a full hour when the case was re-opened this morning and the jury retired for thirty-five minutes, finally returning a verdict of Guilty against the two prisoners, who were then sentenced to death.

His Lordship, addressing the prisoners, said: You have had a fair trial. The evidence on this indictment has been carefully considered by the jury and they have recorded a unanimous verdict that you are both guilty. Therefore my duty is to pass sentence of death upon you.

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The Summing Up.

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Referring to the case against the men as being based entirely on circumstantial evidence, His Lordship said that there were a number of circumstances involving prisoners, any one of which might not involve them very much by itself. It was for the jury to sift them out and arrange them together to see if collectively they produced that feeling of certainty which was equivalent to the positive proof of eyewitnesses.

His Lordship suggested that the key factor in the whole evidence and the one which should be considered first was whether the note, part of which was found on the path and part on the first prisoner, was or was not on that evening in the hand-bag of Mrs. Mackay. It was necessary for the jury to separate that fact out and consider the evidence for and against that proposition.

There was no definite evidence, said His Lordship, that this note was in Mrs. Mackay's possession. It was not, for instance, identified by its number. It would, again, be proof if, for instance, one half had been found on the prisoner and the other in Mrs. Mackay's handbag. The fact remained that if they came to the conclusion that the note was the same as that found they would have come to it without definite evidence. The evidence on which the Crown insisted that the note was one previously in the possession of Mrs. Mackay was as follows.

Blood on Note.

Half of the note was found on a path which was on the direct route from the scene of the crime to the direction of Shaukiwan. It was found at 2 a.m. on the day following the attack and as it had not been picked up before it was fair to say that it had been dropped where it was found sometime after dusk—and the murder had taken place just before dark. Blood was on the half note found in the prisoner's pocket and blood was also in the handbag. Further evidence in support of the contention that the note was Mrs. Mackay's lay in the fact that it was a forged note and that Mrs. Mackay was known to have retained in her possession two such forged notes, one of which was actually left in the handbag. It was also in evidence that Mrs. Mackay had slit one of these notes with a pair of scissors and that the two parts of the note found on the path and in the possession of the first prisoner had also been slit by the let him in so as not to distract the other people who were present.

Answering another question, the witness said that when the accused told her that he was a policeman, she believed him.

Shawn Book.

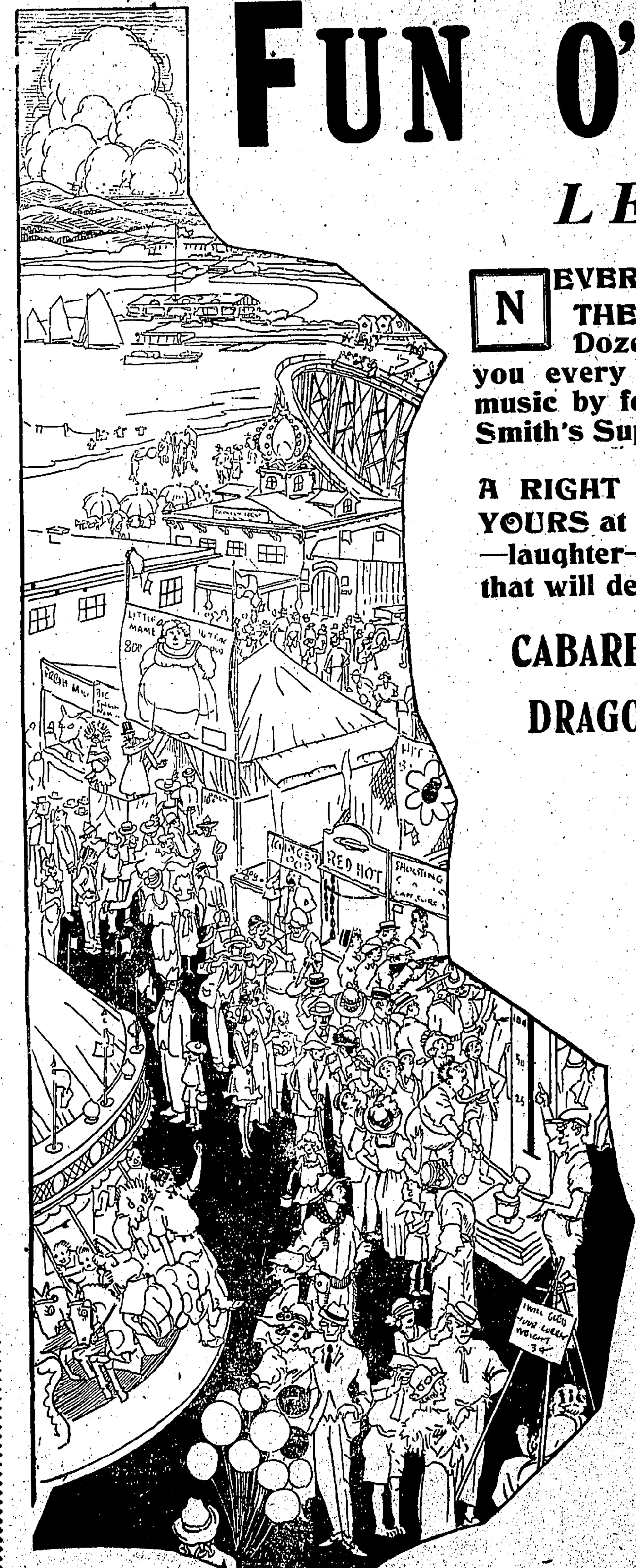
Tsui Fujikawa, an inmate of the house, then testified to the accused's visit at 2 a.m. on August 23. He knocked rather loudly on the door. The witness saw that the accused was very drunk, and it hesitated to admit him. Eventually he let him in so as not to distract the other people who were present.

About two or three weeks after the affair, the witness went to the Military Hospital and there picked the accused out.

The witness saw that the accused was very drunk, and it hesitated to admit him.

At this stage the witness picked him up.





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SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.  
AKI MARU ..... Wednesday, 10th October.  
MISHIMA MARU ..... Wednesday, 23rd November.  
BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.  
TAMDA MARU ..... Tuesday, 11th October.  
SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.  
BOKUYO MARU ..... Wednesday, 16th November.  
SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Ports.  
KANAGAWA MARU ..... Saturday, 16th October.  
NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.  
TOBA MARU ..... Tuesday, 11th October.  
LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.  
LIMA MARU ..... Thursday, 20th October.  
CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON.  
NAGANO MARU ..... Saturday, 1st October.  
NAGASAKI, KORE & YOKOHAMA.  
MISHIMA MARU ..... Friday, 21st October.  
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA.  
SUWA MARU ..... Monday, 3rd October.  
TOTTORI MARU (Maji direct) ..... Wednesday, 5th October.  
YAMAGATA MARU (Maji direct) ..... Saturday, 8th October.  
SEIYO MARU (Kobe direct) ..... Monday, 10th October.  
FUSHIMI MARU ..... Monday, 17th October.  
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LONDON, HAVRE about the 21st October.

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D'ARTAGNAN.....	A	—	—
GAL. METZINGER.....	A	9th September	11th Oct.
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POSTHOS.....	A	7th October	9th Nov.
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SS. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE" ..... via Suez Canal ..... 6th November.  
SS. "CITY OF WELLINGTON" ..... via Suez Canal ..... 20th November.

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S.S. "TINHOW" ..... From Hong Kong ..... 10th November.  
Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay and Cape Town.

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## SHIPPING SECTION.

### LOCAL SHIPPING.

### TODAY'S ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

### THIS MORNING'S LIST.

"Khyber" (5,674) British, from Yokohama, Shanghai, Mackinnon Mackenzie:—56 passengers, 5 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 3,425 tons general (through).  
"Kalyo Maru" (1,126) Japanese, from Swatow—O.S.K.—248 passengers, 778 tons coal and general cargo for Hong Kong.  
"Yu Ta" (1,128) Chinese from Swatow—Yee Tai Hong—9 passengers.  
"Kashim" (5,554) British, from Singapore—Mackinnon Mackenzie:—75 passengers, 1,050 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 3,918 tons general (through).  
"Kwei Chow" (1,220) British, from Canton—B. & S.  
"Chak Sang" (1,470) British, from Canton—Jardine's:—150 tons general cargo (through).  
"Borneo" (1,297) British, from Holhow—Sheun Tai Co.—252 passengers, 1,900 tons general cargo and rice for Hong Kong.  
"Kwai Sang" (1,435) British, from Tsingtao, Swatow—Jardine's:—3 passengers, 300 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 1,000 tons general (through).  
"Scala Shell" (2,092) British, from Saitozaki—A.P.C.:—  
"Siestan" (1,571) British, from Singapore, Holhow—Foo Nam Co.:—765 passengers, 800 tons general cargo for Hong Kong.  
"Glenbeg" (5,846) British, from Singapore—Jardine's:—3 passengers, 650 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 6,000 tons general (through).  
"West Sequana" (3,521) American, from Los Angeles, Amoy—Swayne & Hoyt:—1,662 tons gasoline for Hong Kong, 783 tons gasoline (through).  
"Hanol" (739) French, from Fort Bayard—M.M.—119 passengers, 860 tons rice and general cargo for Hong Kong.  
"Saarland" (4,076) German, from Shanghai—Jensen & Co.:—8 passengers, 2 tons general cargo for Hong Kong, 4,030 tons general (through).  
"Michael Jensen" (1,342) Danish, from Bangkok, Swatow—Chen Song Hong:—1 passenger, 2,600 tons rice and general cargo for Hong Kong, 200 tons rice and general (through).  
"Shinsei Maru 6" (2,127) Japanese, from Dairen—M.B.K.:—2,460 tons coal for Hong Kong.

"Samarang Maru" (2,500) Japanese, from Balikpapan—Nanyo Y.K.—11 passengers, 716 tons sugar for Hong Kong, 468 tons general (through).  
The P. & O. s.s. "Khyber" left Shanghai for this port on September 27 at 4 p.m. with the mails, and is due here on October 3 at p.m.  
The B. I. & Apcar Line s.s. "Tilawa" will leave Amoy at 2 p.m. on October 22 and is due here on October 3 at p.m.  
The B. I. & Apcar Line s.s. "Torilla" left Singapore for this port on September 28 at 4 p.m. and is due here on October 4 at p.m.  
The C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Canada" (Capt. S. Robinson, C.B.E., R.N.R.) arrived at Manila on September 23 at 7 a.m. leaves Manila to-morrow at 4 p.m. and is due at Hong Kong on October 3 at 8 a.m. She will berth at Pier No. 6, Kowloon Wharf, and will leave here for Victoria and Vancouver, B.C., via Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama on October 5 at noon.

The R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" left Vancouver for Hong Kong, via Japan ports and Shanghai, on September 22 and is due here on October 10.  
The M.V. s.s. "Japan" (Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.) left Antwerp on September 2, and is due here on or about October 12.  
The M.V. "Romolo" (Doddwell & Co., Ltd.) sailed from Aden on September 12, and is due in Hong Kong on October 18.  
The s.s. "Kendal Castle" (Doddwell & Co., Ltd.) sailed from New York on September 20, and is due in Hong Kong on October 14.  
The following vessels of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes are expected to arrive in Hong Kong:—  
S.S. "General Metzinger" October 11.  
S.S. "Si-Kiang" October 21.  
S.S. "Sphinx" October 25.  
S.S. "Posthos" November 9.

HELPS CHILDREN OVER HOT WEATHER.  
Summer complaint makes little headway, with children whose careful mothers use Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy for stomach and bowel complaints; severe and sudden intestinal cramps and weakening diarrhoea. Given in a little sweetened water, it is easy to take, yet often effective.

## THE BERMUDA.

### LUXURIOUS NEW MOTOR PASSENGER LINER.

The quadruple-screw motor passenger liner "Bermuda," which has been built to the order of Messrs. The Bermuda and West Indies Steamship Company, Limited, who are associated with Messrs. Furness, Withy and Company, Limited, was launched successfully on July 28, last, from the North Yard, Belfast, of Messrs. Workman Clark and Company, Limited. The vessel, which is intended for service between New York and Bermuda, and also for long cruises round the world, has a length of 550 ft., a beam of 74 ft., a depth, to the shelter deck, of 45 ft., and a displacement of 20,000 tons. The propelling machinery comprises four sets of Doxford opposed-piston reversible oil engines, each with four cylinders, having a diameter of 600 mm. and a combined stroke length of 1,800 mm., installed in the main engine room. Four electric generating sets, driven by Diesel engines, are fitted in the auxiliary engine room, which is separated from the main engine room by a watertight bulkhead. Two donkey boilers intended for heating the fuel and accommodation, and for cooking purposes, are installed in the auxiliary engine room. The auxiliaries, generally speaking, are electrically driven, as also are the steering gear, capstans, windlass, and winches.

There are seven decks devoted to passenger accommodation, which is of an exceptionally luxurious character. Apart from the dining saloon, which is capable of seating over 400 passengers, and the foyer, the public rooms are all on A deck and on the boat deck. The vessel is built to carry 616 first-class and 75 second-class passengers. The total number of first-class cabins is 250, and many of these rooms are arranged for individual accommodation. The electric lighting is of the indirect type, and the rooms are separately heated and ventilated by a mechanical system, through directional louvres, from which the flow of air can be regulated as desired. The boat deck and the deck below are extended beyond the beam of the ship by as much as 2 ft. 6 in., on each side. On the boat deck there is an area, some 70 ft. in length, for sports and other purposes.

The service arrangements of the ship are very complete; the cooking appliances are largely electrical, and a modern steam and electric laundry has been provided. The vessel has been built to comply with the latest requirements of the British Board of Trade, the United States Regulations, and Lloyd's Register. There are nine watertight bulkheads, extending to the main deck, the watertight doors being fitted with hydraulic machinery for rapid closing; these are operated from the bridge. The cargo arrangements include insulated and refrigerated chambers for the carriage of chilled meat, similar chambers for the carriage of fruit and vegetable cargo, and 'tween decks and hold space for general cargo; part of the space is arranged for the carriage of motor cars. Another cargo to be carried is fresh water for delivery to the Company's hotel in Bermuda, and in connection with this, special pumping arrangements are being provided. The whole of the work in the vessel has been carried out under the supervision of Messrs. Esplen, Son and Swainson, Messrs. Gardner, of Glasgow, and the owners' representatives.

The R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" left Vancouver for Hong Kong, via Japan ports and Shanghai, on September 22 and is due here on October 10.

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## O. S. K.

### SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, & ANTWERP—Via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said. Thursday, 6th October.

ALASKA MARU ..... Thursday, 6th October.

RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—Via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Cape Town.

HAWAII MARU ..... Thursday, 29th September.

BOMBAY—Via Singapore and Colombo.

SHUNKO MARU ..... Wednesday, 5th October.

SUMATRA MARU ..... Wednesday, 19th October.

DURBAN, DELAGOA BAY, BEIRA, DAR-ES-SALAAM, ZANZIBAR AND MOMBASA—Via Singapore and Colombo.

PANAMA MARU ..... Friday, 28th October.

CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

SEATTLE MARU ..... Tuesday, 25th October.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—Via Japan Ports.

ARIZONA MARU (From Shanghai), Saturday, 22nd October.

HAIPHONG—Via HOHOW & PAKHOL.

TAIKWA MARU ..... Tuesday, 11th Oct., 10 a.m.

JAPAN PORTS

ANDES MARU ..... Friday, 14th October.

TACOMA MARU ..... Saturday, 24th October.

KEELUNG VIA SWATOW & AMOT.

KAIJO MARU ..... Sunday, 2nd October, 10 a.m.

HOZAN MARU ..... Sunday, 9th October, 10 a.m.

TAKAO VIA SWATOW & AMOT.

DELI MARU ..... Thursday, 6th October, 10 a.m.

TAKAO—Direct.

BATAVIA MARU ..... Wednesday, 28th October.

For further particulars please apply to—OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

Tel. Central No. 4088, 4089, 4090. M. TAKEUCHI, Manager.

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"Sky-blue" in colour, these Cheques give travellers the fullest protection against the loss or theft of their travel funds. They are spendable and acceptable everywhere. For more than 36 years travellers the world over have found personal service

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## PENINSULAR &amp; ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY

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(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
KHYBER	9,114	1st Oct.	Marselles, London, Antwerp & Hull
ALIPORE	5,273	6th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
MALWA	10,986	15th Oct.	Marselles & London
NAGPORE	5,235	20th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & London
KASHMIR	8,956	20th Oct.	Marselles, London, Antwerp & Hull
MACEDONIA	11,120	12th Nov.	Marselles & London
MONGOLIA	10,504	20th Nov.	Marselles & London
MANTUA	10,946	10th Dec.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
KASHGAR	9,005	24th Dec.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
MOREA	10,953	7th Jan.	Marselles & London
DEVANHA	8,165	21st Jan.	Marselles, London & Antwerp
MALWA	10,986	4th Feb.	Marselles & London
KHYBER	9,114	18th Feb.	Marselles, London & Antwerp

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Pireaus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedival Mail Steamship Co.

## BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

TILAWA	10,006	6th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKLIWA	7,936	11th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
SANTHIA	7,754	5th Nov.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta

Calls Rangoon.

## EASTERN &amp; AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

ST. ALBANS	4,500	30th Sept.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, &
ARAFURA	6,000	28th Oct.	Melbourne
TANDA	6,965	2nd Dec.	

Calls Kolambungan and omits Sandakan.

Regular monthly sailings from Hongkong to Japan and Hongkong to Australia.

The E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Iloilo, Cebu, Kolambungan, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as indument Mers.

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## SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI &amp; JAPAN

ARAFURA	6,000	4th Oct.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
TORILLA	5,205	6th Oct.	Moji, Kobe & Osaka
SANTHIA	7,754	13th Oct.	Anoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
MACEDONIA	11,120	16th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
JEYPORE	5,318	20th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
MONGOLIA	16,504	29th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
TANDA	6,965	8th Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
MANTUA	10,946	12th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KHIVA	9,135	19th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KASHGAR	9,005	26th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
ST. ALBANS	4,500	6th Dec.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
MOREA	16,063	10th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KALYAN	9,144	13th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
DEVANHA	8,165	24th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
MALWA	10,986	1928	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KHYBER	9,114	21st Jan.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KHIVA	9,135	28th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
MACEDONIA	11,120	4th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
KASHMIR	8,985	18th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama

Calls at Dalmat.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on-carrying steamer.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundry.

Parcels measuring not more than 24 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further information, Passage Freights, Handbooks, etc., apply to:

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(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. &amp; CHINA MUTUAL S.N. CO., LTD.)

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## SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

S.S. "CITY OF LINCOLN" via Suez Canal 4th Oct.  
S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE" via Suez Canal 6th Nov.  
S.S. "CITY OF WELLINGTON" via Suez Canal 20th Nov.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

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BUTTERFIELD & SWINEY OF THE BANK LINE, LTD., Hong Kong.  
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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL  
STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAMER FOR  
STRAITS, COLOMBO,  
AUSTRALIA, BOMBAY, EGYPT,  
MEDITERRANEAN PORTS,  
AND LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED  
FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF,  
CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND  
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship

## "ALIPORE"

carrying His Majesty's Mail will be despatched from this port on or about THURSDAY, the 6th October, 1927, at 10 a.m. taking Cargo for the above Ports.

Silk, Valuables and Tea for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Bombay into the Mail Steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 5 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages must be declared.

For further Particulars, Apply to—

**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.**  
Agents.

Hong Kong, 29th September, 1927.

## CONSIGNEES.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES  
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

THE Steamship  
"D'ARTAGNAN"  
BRINGING CARGO FROM  
MARSEILLES, &c.

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the HONG KONG KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD., KOWLOON, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing. All claims must be sent in to me on or before FRIDAY, the 7th October, 1927, or they will not be recognized.

DAMAGED PACKAGES will be examined by the Company's Surveyor, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10 a.m. on TUESDAY, the 4th October, 1927.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

J. LIMAGE,  
Agent.

Hong Kong, 28th September, 1927.

## THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD.

From LEITH, MIDDLEBRO',  
ANTWERP, LONDON, STRAITS  
& PHILIPPINES.

THE Steamship  
"BENVENUE"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence, and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 3rd October, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-signed on or before the 17th October, 1927, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 3rd October, 1927, at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hong Kong, 26th September, 1927.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN  
LINE.

From New York.

THE Steamship

"CITY OF LINCOLN", having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of Holt's Wharf, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 3rd October, 1927, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Under-signed on or before 10th October, 1927, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays or Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, with in the Free Storage period of One Week.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

THE BANK LINE LTD.  
General Agents.

Hong Kong, 27th September, 1927.

INDO-CHINA  
STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

## SAIDINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

## Steamer

Antung & Tientsin	YUSANG	Fri, 30th Sept., at 5 p.m.
T'ien via Swatow & Shai	CHAKSANG	Sun, 2nd Oct., at 7 a.m.
T'ien via Swatow & Shai	KWAISANG	Wed, 5th Oct., at 7 a.m.
Caston	CHIPSHING	Wed, 5th Oct., at 9 a.m.
Sandakan	SU	

## WATSON'S E WHISKY

Blended where it is distilled, and Bottled where it is blended—in SCOTLAND.

A Skilful blend of the finest matured Highland Whiskies. A happy result of long years of experience in distilling and blending; with a fine flavour that cannot fail to assure appreciation from the most discriminating palate.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Alexandra Building. Phone C. 616.

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器玉翠寶興裕李  
JADE MERCHANT.  
Specialises in High-Class Jades,  
Jewellery, Ivory, Amber, Agate, Crystal  
and Curiosities.  
Genuine articles and Satisfaction guaranteed.  
No. 55, Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong  
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Factory: 18, Hung Shou Chung Street, Canton.

**NAM WAH**  
TRADE MARK  
BRAND.  
NEW SEASON GINGER.  
Well Preserved.  
Colour and Mellowess Guaranteed.  
NAM WAH PRESERVED GINGER MANUFACTURERS  
FACTORY: 18, HUNG SHOU CHUNG STREET, CANTON.  
OFFICE: 54, WYNDHAM ST., HONG KONG.  
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**The LOVE of SUNYA**

NEW TO-DAY

AT  
**PIONEER**  
MOODIES UNDERWEARS  
LADIES LATEST HOSE  
and  
PEARL PIONEER STRIPED  
CREPES  
EARLY VISIT WILL WIN THE  
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AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS should go to.

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WE HAVE THE BIGGEST AND MOST UNIQUE  
COLLECTION OF LOCAL AND CHINESE SCENES.

Moderate rates, Punctuality and Excellent Quality.

## THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK

THE BUSY MAN'S STAND-BY.

ARRANGED IN NUMERICAL ORDER.

\$1. ON SALE AT THE PUBLISHERS \$1.

THE HONGKONG DOLLAR DIRECTORY CO.

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### WINTER DRESS GOODS JUST RECEIVED

We have just unpacked a splendid selection of Winter Dress Tweeds of really Special Value.

#### LOT NO. 1

1,700 yards  
Dress Tweeds suitable for skirts Children's dress etc. All shades.

38 inches wide.

**\$1.50 yard**

#### LOT NO. 2

500 yards  
Dress Tweeds Small fancy check designs.  
38 inches wide.

**\$1.95 yard**

### BETTER QUALITIES

**\$2.50 to \$7.50 yard**

### CALL AND INSPECT

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**

HONG KONG.

### The China Mail

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Strand, W.C.2.

Hong Kong, Friday, Sept. 30, 1927.

### THE CECIL RESIGNATION.

We have had to await the arrival of the Home newspapers to ascertain the full story of Viscount Cecil's resignation from the Cabinet. That it was concerned with British policy in regard to the Naval Disarmament Conference at Geneva and not because of any personal disagreement with fellow-members of the Cabinet we knew; but exactly where the noble lord's views differed from those of his colleagues, we knew not. Now it appears that he was vastly out of sympathy with the instructions he received prior to setting out for Geneva; that, indeed, his colleagues' and his own ideas on the question of Disarmament (apart from any definitely outlined British policy) were poles apart in particular regard to a single aspect of their record—which was, however, in no way related to the country's domestic affairs. As has been pointed out elsewhere, the full extent of the difference of opinion between Lord Cecil and the Government as to what may prudently be undertaken in furtherance of an ideal is revealed in his deplored "the unconditional rejection of the Protocol" elaborated at Geneva in 1924. The staggering nature of the risks and the overwhelming burden of unshared responsibility to which Great Britain would have been subjected by the acceptance of that scheme have been on countless occasions emphasised, and the proposition, rightly according to most people, was dropped. Risks, of course, have to be taken at times, and it has been often argued that risks such as we were asked to take then—such as Lord Cecil would have us take now, apparently—ought to have been accepted by a Power

like Great Britain if we had at heart the promotion of the cause of established peace. But, in our opinion, the magnitude of the risks put them absolutely out of court.

However, so far as we are concerned, the Protocol proposals, as set forth in 1924, are dead. What is of greater import in the acknowledged fact that we have shown our readiness to go to considerable lengths. Our actions have proved that. Always loyal to the undertakings given at the Washington Conference, at Geneva the Government, through its spokesmen, signified its willingness to go much farther in the agreed limitation of naval armaments. It accepted the arbitration of the League in the matter of the Mosul boundary. It entered into the sufficiently grave commitments involved in the Locarno Treaty. It has reduced the aggregate expenditure upon armaments year by year, and the country is now disarmed to the limits of national safety. Any farther we cannot go. These things, in themselves, count for much, and indicate, as Mr. Baldwin pointed out in his reply to Lord Cecil, that "progress can be made on the lines we are pursuing." Lord Cecil's difference with his colleagues has not, it would seem, been a difference upon "the broad policy of Disarmament," but a difference as to the means by which that policy may best be advanced. He has, apparently, taken inevitable disappointments much to heart, as is indicated by Mr. Baldwin's reminder that "it is the task of statesmen to learn from failure no less than from success." His resignation is universally deplored; but whilst Britain will have very great difficulty in filling his place she must go ahead unswervingly with her declared policy in the matter of naval disarmament; must not, in other words, commit herself to further reductions to satisfy the widely accepted and generally sound ideas of one man at the probable expense of the nation's safety.

While on a visit to his father who is the keeper of the Wing On's godown in Des Vaux Road West, a Chinese boy climbed up some scaffolding erected outside the godown. He missed his footing and fell a short distance to the ground, receiving a scalp wound which had to be attended to at the Government Civil Hospital. His condition is not considered serious.

As the result of an accident while unloading gunny bags at Praya East yesterday, a cargo coolie received injuries to his shoulder which necessitated his removal to the Government Civil Hospital. A bag of bags broke and the load fell on the man.

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A 5-year-old Chinese girl was

yesterday removed to the Govern-

ment Civil Hospital suffering from a crushed foot as the result of

being knocked down by a hand truck

in Des Vaux Road West. A wheel

of the truck ran over the child's

right foot.

A Chinese woman yesterday lo-

cked her jewellery worth \$50 as the result of

the activities of a confidence trick-

ster whom she met in Queen's Road

West. The man told the usual

story about a roll of banknotes

and persuaded the woman, a

waitress in a West Point Teahouse,

to change the money for him. She

parted with her jewellery as secu-

rity for the money. When the par-

cel was opened at the money chang-

er, it was found to contain waste

paper. She returned to the place

where the man had promised to wait

for her, but he had suddenly re-

minded a pressing engagement.

Helsingfors. Yesterday

The seizure of an Austrian

rum running vessel, the "Hyalen,"

by a Finnish warship outside ter-

ritorial waters had an extra-

ordinary sequel.

Legal experts found that the

authorities were justified in

seizing the ship according to

International Law, and the vessel

with cargo was accordingly re-

leased and released the rum run-

ning vessel.

As a result of the seizure, the

authorities charged before Mr. R. E. Lind-

all, the master of the vessel, and

said that the vessel had been

### "ILICIT" COINS.

COPPER CURRENCY FOR  
KWANGSI.

### PURCHASE IN CANTON.

Light is thrown on the seizure in Hong Kong of illicit copper coins of China, a report coming down from Canton that the Kwangsi provincial government is interesting itself in procuring quantities of this currency to relieve the stringency up there.

A despatch has been sent to Canton asking permission for a Kwangsi delegation to proceed thither to buy.

A Canton silver twenty cent piece fetches about 32 or 34 coppers in the two Kwang provinces. In Shanghai, Tientsin and other ports of North China, one always gets 44 coppers. The inducement to bring debased coinage down south is obvious. There being a demand in the two Kwangs, it is only natural that the rate should be higher.

Kwangsi's proposed buying delegation will comprise representatives of the provincial treasury, the commercial bureau, the bankers and the merchants.

### IRONSIDES' POWER.

Every day sees the Ironsides (the Cantonese troops returned from the Yangtze campaign) increasing their strength in Canton but no friction is apparent, on the surface, with the Canton administration under General Li Chai-sum.

Part of the 25th division (of the Ironsides) has been ordered to Sheldung, the thriving town where the Kowloon-Canton Railway (Chinese section) crosses the East River. Other units of the 4th Army are to garrison the provincial frontier between Kwangtung and Kwangsi. Field and mountain batteries of artillery have arrived at Canton. Recruiting officers have orders to enlist men in the outlying districts where transport and "army service" detachments are making preliminary surveys.

### IN THE NEWS.

#### ITEMS FROM TO-DAY'S POLICE REPORTS.

The police have received a report of the theft of a lady's handbag containing articles worth \$26 from the Central British School some time between 10 and 11 p.m. on Wednesday. The bag was left by Miss M. White on a chair while she was dancing and it was gone when she returned.

As the result of attempting to jump off a train at Fanling, a 16-year-old Chinese youth fell and received a nasty scalp wound which had to be stitched at the Government Civil Hospital. His condition is not considered serious.

As the result of an accident while unloading gunny bags at Praya East yesterday, a cargo coolie received injuries to his shoulder which necessitated his removal to the Government Civil Hospital. A bag of bags broke and the load fell on the man.

While on a visit to his father who is the keeper of the Wing On's godown in Des Vaux Road West, a Chinese boy climbed up some scaffolding erected outside the godown. He missed his footing and fell a short distance to the ground, receiving a scalp wound which had to be attended to at the Government Civil Hospital.

A 5-year-old Chinese girl was yesterday removed to the Government Civil Hospital suffering from a crushed foot as the result of being knocked down by a hand truck in Des Vaux Road West. A wheel of the truck ran over the child's right foot.

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She returned to the place where the man had promised to wait

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ning vessel.

As a result of the seizure, the

authorities charged before Mr. R. E. Lind-

all, the master of the vessel, and

said that the vessel had been

seized by friends to carry.

The first man who had 76 bags of raw

and 56 bags of prepared opium was

fined \$2,000 or six months on the

first count, and \$400 on the

second. The

## DEATH SENTENCE.

(Continued from Page 1.)

In deciding whether or not these two parts formed the note which had been in the possession of Mrs. Mackay, His Lordship asked the jury to bear in mind the evidence of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank employee that forgeries of this type were of fairly frequent occurrence. The Crown asked them to find that the half found was Mrs. Mackay's property also because it was found at the same time and place as the wad of notes and it was known that Mrs. Mackay had previously had a wad of notes in her handbag. Also found at the same time was the Wing On soupon.

## For the Jury.

There was no direct evidence, said His Lordship, that this coupon either was in Mrs. Mackay's possession at all. It was known that Mrs. Mackay made purchases which entitled her to such a coupon either the day or day before the murder, and also that the coupon was issued at the counter where Mrs. Mackay made purchases. Articles of a similar nature to the purchased articles in question were also in her possession. It was for the jury to say whether, putting all these facts together, there was sufficient for them to say that the coupon found on the path was that belonging to Mrs. Mackay. If they came to that conclusion, it immediately strengthened them in the conclusion that the half a forged note found on the same path also came from Mrs. Mackay's handbag.

His Lordship declined to pass an opinion on this himself and asked that it should be the very first point considered by the jury. If they decided in the negative, His Lordship stated that he did not think that any solid foundation remained for conviction. If they decided in the affirmative then they must consider the evidence further and take it as a whole. The case did not entirely rest on that aspect of it and it was only right from the point of view of all concerned that all avenues should be explored.

## Crown's Evidence.

Additional evidence which the Crown alleged implicated the prisoners was as follows. They were arrested in Shaukiwan together twenty-four hours after the murder. When arrested, they were wearing clothing similar to that described by the only eye-witness of the incidents leading up to the murder—the taller in dark coat and light trousers and the smaller of the two in dark throughout. The two men were known from other evidence to have been together on the night of the murder and to have slept on board a boat when they were still wearing the clothes in which they were arrested.

A smaller point was that the two men had exactly the same notes in their possession. Another point made by the Crown concerned the wound on the hand of the second prisoner and the finding of blood inside the rifled hand bag of the murdered woman. In this connection, the jury must not ignore entirely the possibility, however remote, that the murdered woman before her death herself opened the bag to see what was taken. There was evidence that when she leant on her little nephew for support there had been blood on her hands. On the other hand, blood had also been found on a note in the possession of the first prisoner and a ten cent piece in the possession of second prisoner.

## For the Prisoners.

There was a good deal to be said from the prisoners' point of view, said His Lordship, on the evidence which had been offered. There were certain factors in the Crown case which he did not want the jury to regard with undue importance. The first was that when arrested stains which the medical evidence went to show were of human blood were found on their clothing. In this connection it seemed to him that it was almost impossible for blood to have spurted on to the clothing of her assailants from the murdered woman. The first prisoner had stated that he had been suffering from bleeding boils and it was quite possible in view of the habits of men of his class that he had not changed his clothes for some time.

Regarding the suggestion of the Crown that the wounds on the deceased having been inflicted with a blunt instrument and the wound on the second prisoner's hand having been inflicted with a blunt instrument, therefore the instrument used had been the same, His Lordship emphasised that there were numerous such blunt instruments and he did not think importance should be attached to this point.

Another point was the statement of the first prisoner on arrest that the blood, or some of the blood, on his trousers was fish blood, a statement which had proved false. The Crown had put forward the suggestion that prisoner had lied from a guilty mind, but from a considerable knowledge of the behaviour of Chinese prisoners on arrest. His Lordship asked the jury not to attach importance to this point either. On the ground that it was impossible to say definitely that the second prisoner had not cut his hand with a knife, His Lordship also asked

## CHAMBERLAIN'S RAIN BALM.

EASES PAIN.

Hub Chamberlain's Pain Balm on the painful spots. It is penetrating, acts up the circulation which carries away the congestion and pressure, thus eases the pain. That is how it helps rheumatic pains, lumbago, headache, neuralgia, swollen, aching joints, and muscles. Sold and recommended everywhere.

## THE D.B.S.

## ACTIVITIES OF THE NEW TERM.

## SPLENDID ADAPTABILITY.

The Diocesan Boys' School term began three weeks ago and the Committee and the Headmaster have lost no time in adapting the temporary premises at Mongkok to the purposes of a School. Grounds have been formed and a strong fence erected and there are also two hard tennis courts. A covered playground 60 feet by 25 feet will be built at the corner of Nathan Road and Prince Edward Avenue during the next six weeks. This term two cricket nets and cricket matting have been purchased and on most of the evenings of the week passers-by can see tennis, cricket and football being played. The standard of Cricket at the school was never better, although there are weak places. Regular practice at the nets and the fielding practice which takes place at recess, fifteen times and after School, will no doubt help to improve greatly the standard and produce more players throughout the School.

There are 67 boarders this term and about 160 day boys.

The following appointments have been made during the year—

Senior School Prefect—Chan

Leung Chi.

Senior Boarders Prefects—Wei

Chin Eng and P. Waller.

Captain of tennis—Lee Jan Pit.

Captain of football—Pong Pun

Fong.

Captain of cricket—D. Anderson.

The Games Masters are—Mr. C. Thomas (football), Mr. T. S. W. Chan (tennis) and Mr. J. L. Youngs (cricket).

Football Matches will begin next week, trial matches, senior and junior have been held during the past week. In cricket and tennis the teams have already met with several successes.

With regard to work there have been very few changes in the staff. All boys must learn Chinese; in this subject several English and Eurasian boys are making steady progress in writing, reading and speaking; formerly many of these boys could speak a little Chinese but practically none of them learned the characters, a thing which is now compulsory. Mr. Law Lok Tin, senior vernacular master and Mr. Tse Tin Tseung, late of the London Mission, and a teacher who knows Mandarin and Japanese in addition to Cantonese, have been revising the syllabus and time table in Chinese during the year. Regular periods are fixed now for homework as well as for work in School. Next year it is hoped to introduce Mandarin into the two senior classes.

For science, chemistry and physics, Classes 1 to 4 go to the Science Room which was fitted up at the New School, now the General Hospital. Mr. J. L. Youngs (B.Sc.) and Mr. A. G. Prew, B.A., both Old Boys and Graduates of the Hong Kong University, are the Science Masters.

## RELIGIOUS WARS.

## MORE TROUBLE IN INDIA.

Dehra Dun, Yesterday.

Six were injured and 40, mostly Kabulis, arrested after a communal riot last night in connection with religious celebrations at Ramlila by Hindus, stones were thrown at images of Rama Lakshmana from a house said to be occupied by Kabuli Moslems as the procession was approaching a mosque.—Reuter.

## WHITEY PRESENTED.

## JAZZ MASTER MEETS TWO GOVERNORS.

## SEASON CLOSING.

By special request Whitey Smith and his famous Majestic Orchestra played during fifteen yesterday afternoon which was given by His Excellency the Governor of Macao in honour of their Excellencies Sir Cecil and Lady Clementi.

At the request of Their Excellencies, Whitey was presented to them, and also to His Excellency the Governor of Macao and Madame Barboza received from them all very deserving praise.

On Saturday evening, Whitey

plays at the Lee Gardens in aid of the Ministering Children's League.

On Sunday afternoon, his Orchestra

will play for Tea Dansant at Re-pulse Bay Hotel.

Whitey's Season in Hong Kong,

which was all too short, comes to a close on Tuesday, October 4, when he gives his Farewell Carnival at Repulse Bay Hotel. He states he is putting up his very best as a mark of gratitude for the very enthusiastic reception he has received from the Hong Kong public during his short season at Repulse Bay Hotel. Naturally a very large crowd is expected to attend, as this is the last chance offered to the Hong Kong Public of hearing the Majestic Orchestra, for on Wednesday, Whitey and his very cheery kids sail for Shanghai by the "Empress of Canada."

## HIT WITH BARS?

## FOREMAN CHARGES FOUR COOLIES.

Evidence was yesterday afternoon taken by Mr. R. E. Lindsell in the case in which a foreman employed by the Hong Kong Excavation, Pile Driving and Construction Company charged four sub-contractor's coolies with assault and intimidation.

According to the foreman, he was employed by the Construction Company to supervise the levelling of a certain site on Stubbs Road. The work entailed the blasting of a large boulder which was hanging in a dangerous position on the slope.

He gave instructions to the matched coolies to erect a scaffolding on one side of the rock, but the men dallied with the work until September 22, when the witness caused foot-holds to be cut into the boulder, and climbed to the top of it with two of his own fokis. While they were there the four defendants with another man who was not in custody came on the scene and threatened the witness and his fokis that if they started blasting operations there would be trouble.

The witness did not mind the men, and climbing down the rock, proceeded to put his tools away in a matched below the level of the road. As the witness was returning to the boulder, he was waylaid by the defendants and assaulted. Defendants were all armed with short iron bars.

## European Evidence.

Relying to Mr. L. D. Turner, for the defence, the witness said that he had never heard any discussion about the defendants not getting their wages from the Construction Company. The witness admitted that he had been in Court before and had been fined for the possession of dynamite.

Mr. Turner told the Magistrate that he would prove that the complainant had been brought up for something else.

Mr. H. J. Armstrong, for the prosecution, intimated that some European members of the Construction Company would be called to give evidence on the complainant's behalf.

The case was then adjourned.

## INCOMPLETE.

## OFFICIAL EVIDENCE IN OPIUM CASE.

Charged with selling opium without a permit from the Government Import and Export Office, a Chinese who was defended by Mr. A. E. Hall was yesterday discharged by Mr. W. Schofield, at the Kowloon Magistracy on the ground that the prosecution had not produced all the evidence necessary to prove their case.

The accused was alleged to have sold 20-cents worth of opium to a coolie who visited his house in Tungon Street on the instruction of Revenue Officer Brown.

The place was raided immediately after the opium had been sold, and the accused was arrested. Accused was alleged to have admitted selling the opium to the coolie.

Mr. Hall contended that the statement made by the accused to the revenue officers was not admissible as evidence as he had not been previously warned, but after some argument the Magistrate ruled against Counsel on this point as it was necessary for the court to take such statements in order to determine the responsible person.

Mr. Hall then submitted that in any case the prosecution was incomplete, as although a Chinese R.O. had spoken about his being on the container, neither the 20 cents paid for the opium had been produced in Court.

Mr. Schofield agreed with Counsel

## PAINTS TREATED.

## CHOCOLATE LOTTERY CASE.

## A WARRANT ISSUED.

At the conclusion of the Criminal Sessions this morning, the Chinese who failed to answer to his name at the date fixed for his trial was given a final chance of answering the charge against him of attempting to bribe a constable in connection with the sale of Macao "po-pu" (lottery) tickets.

The man's name was again called and, as he again failed to appear, his bail of \$1,000 was estreated and, on the application of Mr. H. K. Holmes, Crown Solicitor a warrant for his arrest was issued.

## MANCHURIA TO-DAY.

## DISRUPTIVE ELEMENTS IN EVIDENCE.

TOKYO, Sept. 7.

Japan has been fortunate during the past twenty years of benevolent rule in the Manchurian area

to escape the agitation and confusion of government that has brought disaster to South China, but it is now evident that disruptive elements are active in the Three Eastern Provinces, and that the Tokyo Government has to contend with a disorderly group which may or may not be inspired by the communistic agitators of the South, but most likely are.

It was not to be expected that Japan would escape the effects of the feverish cupidity that seized the military rulers and their henchmen in the South. It is hard for a badly ruled people to resist the glamour of the Soviet promises, and harder still to throw off the Soviet yoke once it has been imposed, for millions are despoiled for the benefit of the few.

This cruel fact is now fully realised by the people over large areas of South and Central China, though realisation brings with it an added pang, for classes and masses are powerless.

Japan's duty, as far as possible, is to prevent the agencies that have been so successful in introducing the Soviet autocracy into South China from reducing Manchuria to similar straits.

Japan's difficulties are obvious. She controls only a very small area in South Manchuria, and while this rule has an influence over a very much larger area in restraining the disorderly elements, bandits and others, she can only exercise a moral influence over the provincial authorities.

If they are well disposed, well and good, but at the moment they are showing themselves to be anything but well disposed, and inclined to flout

Japan.

This symptom, observable for months past, and probably a natural consequence of the disorders in the South, has given Japan not a little anxiety.

It shows itself in many ways; in the projection of railway schemes; inimical to the interests of the South Manchuria Railway, and in conflicts in the consular areas where the Japanese consular police is an institution naturally not welcome by the local Chinese authorities but are considered absolutely necessary for the safety of the consul and the Japanese community.

Chang himself is lax and negative in Manchuria, as is in other parts of China.

But in the past Manchuria, under Chang has had a special reputation, and conditions in the three provinces have seemed to be altogether superior to conditions in other parts of the ill-governed republic.

In the last few years, Chang himself has lost power; his treasury is depleted by unending warfare, and the provincial finances are in a bad way. His paper money is exchanged at a heavy discount.

Japanese money is the only stable currency, and here we come to the root of the troubles in Manchuria. We need probe little further for the causes of present unrest.

Only a few short years ago, Chang's government was being held up as a model for the rest of China

to follow, but Chang himself was persuaded to meddle in affairs that did not concern him, and best regarding the advice of his best counsellors, he preferred war to peace, and may live to see his provinces taken from his control.

October 2—Service men's meeting at the "Cheer O," 7.45 p.m.

October 4—Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15 p.m.

October 5—Extraordinary general meeting of the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club, at the Club House, 6 p.m.

October 22—Meeting of the New Territories Agricultural Show Committee, at Sheung Shui, 2.30 p.m.

Meetings.

October 2—Theosophical Society

Lecture: Buddhism, by Mr. Wei Tat, B.A., in Lane Crawford's Restaurant, 6 p.m.

October 3—Public lecture at Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m.

Lecturer: Rev. J. Kirk Macdonach.

Subject: Heavenly Spheres "Stars."

October 8—St. Peter's Club debate, 8.30 p.m.

October 9—Charity Bazaar of the Chinese Sisters of the Precious Blood, at Catholic Young Men's Club, 16 Caine Road.

October 31—H.K.V.D.C. Halloween dinner.

November 11-12—Garden Fair organised by St. Peter's Young Men's Club.

Music during Dinner.

## QUEER LIVELIHOOD.

## CHAMPAGNE DISPUTE.

## SETTLED AT LAST IN FRANCE.

The Battle of Champagne seems to be over. Parliament thinks it has settled a wine war that caused riots at Ay 20 years ago and has lasted ever since.

Wine-growers of the champagne district, around Rheims and along the Marne, used violence at that time to prevent champagne makers from bringing in wines from the neighbouring Aube and Upper Marne departments and bottling them as champagne, after the usual process of putting the fix in them.

They objected later to the sale of these wines as "second zone" champagne, charging that the "second zone" became smaller and smaller.

It is estimated that there are more than 200 coolies in the Settlement who do nothing but walk the streets picking up things thrown away. These coolies are not municipal employees but work independent of the regular street cleaners.

These coolies are fond of telling of old Chu Tseng-ji, a street coolie whom they claim found \$55 and was given \$10 reward.

That was two years ago and with each telling the sum increases until now, it is more than a million dollars—United Press.

Courts have been busy for years

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## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

The body which calls itself the Ancient Order of Froth Blowers was sharply denounced at a meeting of the Manchester Board of Guardians. Only one member of the Board offered an apology for the Order.

Owing to the insecurity of conditions in China, thousands of Chinese have settled in Borneo. Round Kudat and Jesselton, this year, already a thousand settlers have come, most of whom have taken up land and are cultivating it.

During Chinese week at the musical exhibition at Frankfurt, about 150 Chinese students, men and women, gave renderings of Chinese music. Almost every country in the world was represented, including Java, Sumatra, and Japan.

The Chinese authorities have issued proclamations warning the public not to make contributions to Nationalist funds to unauthorised persons. It having come to their notice that a number of bad characters have been collecting money in the name of the Nationalist movement.

Following a rumour that a European had been killed by a shark, on Sunday the body of a man was found floating in the sea off Pulau Brani, with one leg missing. The body was in such a state of decomposition that it was impossible to tell the nationality, and a post mortem was also impossible.

The Shanghai "Zarya" has it that Russian refugees are arriving by every steamship for the north. Some of them are leaving Harbin and Vladivostok because of the impending cold weather, according to the journal, whilst others have left the service of Chang Chung-chang in Shantung, preferring poverty in Shanghai to unsuccessful military operations in the peninsula.

It is learned from Russians sources that the s.s. "Sishan" from Vladivostok, brought to Shanghai a large number of Russian women and girls, who are thought to have been Communist agents. For the time being, and to divert suspicion, it is stated that they will obtain employment as dancing partners in local cabarets and as waitresses in the "mushroom" Russian restaurants that have sprung up.

Three hundred and fifty American Legionaries have been received by the Pope.—Reuter.

A contemporary states that the Shanghai Chinese amalgamated Association of Street Unions filed a sealed petition with the Japanese Consulate-General, with the request to forward it to Tokyo, which was refused because it was sealed.

Kompo refugees who went to Shanghai last month when conditions were unsettled and threatening in Kompo, are returning to their homes by land and water, now that the situation there is more reassuring and direct communication has been established.

A splendid entertainment is promised to Service men to-night at the City Hall upon the appearance of the "I-Pans" Concert party together with the band of the Northamptonshire Regiment. The show starts at 6.30, and the party will put on their well-known and always very acceptable numbers in addition to many new ones.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, Mr. W. Schofield fixed Monday next for the hearing of the case in which a 12-year-old Chinese boy living in Wohipshek village is charged with the murder of a youth of 16 by stabbing him in the stomach with a penknife in the course of a fight while the couple were tending bullocks at the village.

The death occurred yesterday at his residence, 209 Wanchai Road, of Mr. Patrick Henry Murray who for many years was connected with the Asiatic Petroleum Company. Deceased, who was 61 years of age, leaves a son, Mr. P. R. Murray, who is at present in Shanghai, and five daughters to mourn his loss. The funeral passes the Monument at 6.30 p.m. to-day.

There was a large turn-out at the route march yesterday at the route march yesterday of the Scottish Company, the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, and the smart appearance and soldierly bearing of the Company attracted the attention of crowds of passers-by. The route was from the Polo Ground, Causeway Bay, to Taikoo Club where the Company were the guests of members to an informal tea and later to evening entertainment. Thanks to the ladies who assisted in serving tea and in other ways was expressed by Capt. K. S. Morrison.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

The will of Mr. Ogden Armour, the packing magnate, totals a little over a million dollars (gold).

The "Aeneas" on arrival at Penang from Home had seven brides-elect on board, three of whom were to marry Malayan residents.

Dr. R. E. Brown, of Wuhu, is in Shanghai. Chaplain and Mrs. Frank H. Lash, of the Asiatic Fleet, U.S. Navy, have taken a residence at 115 Rue Pere Robert.

Mr. A. D. Hendry (Late Shanghai Police) Passenger from London to Singapore, died from heart failure about the s.s. "Kashmir" and was buried at Sea on Sept. 13.

The late Mr. Owen Manoah Williams (70), who was at one time principal buyer at the Chartered Bank of India, China and Australia head office in London, left estate valued at \$10,137.

Mr. Albert C. Hall, Shanghai manager for the East of the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd., is leaving in November to take over the management of the company's West End branch in London. Mr. G. D. Nicol will act as branch manager of the company in Hong Kong and China.

Mr. A. Hanape, of Messrs. Meyerink & Co., has returned to Shanghai after some months' holiday in Germany. He travelled via Siberia, and the only complaint he has to make is that two compatriots of his bought some tobacco in Moscow, and insisted on smoking it. However, he survived even this example of Bolshevik retrogression.—N.C.D.N.

Capt. W. Hodgson, O.B.E., 2nd Duke of Wellington's, has been appointed State Adjutant, Selangor, with effect from the 5th instant. Capt. G. de L. Landon, M.C., Royal Artillery, who since the departure in April of Capt. F. S. Lang, Royal Sussex, has been temporarily filling the appointment, will remain in Kuala Lumpur till the end of this month for the purpose of handing over to Capt. Hodgson.

Mr. Robert R. Shlaich, Kirk Street, Duncan, of the Burgh Surveyor's office, has been awarded first prize by the Institute of Municipal and County Engineers in a competition open to all assistants in municipal offices and to all students of the institution throughout Scotland. This competition consisted of a 5,000-word thesis on the "Drainage of Roads with special reference to the conditions existing in county and burgh areas." The competition

A big new housing scheme is being started at Sentul by the F.M.S. Railways. The new buildings, for the erection of which tenders are invited, include 50 clerks' quarters, 120 artisans' quarters, and 144 menial staff quarters.

At a meeting at the Shanghai Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, Chinese merchants decided to request the Nationalist Government to devise means whereby foreign cigarette manufacturers may be taxed on the same basis as Chinese, as, they say, it is unfair to levy 50 per cent. on Chinese-made cigarettes while the wares of foreigners are exempt.

The opening of an air mail service from Colombo to Tanjore and from Tanjore to Madras and from Madras to Bombay, Calcutta and Karachi is in contemplation. When the proposal becomes a reality postcards will be charged two annas and letters three annas. In all likelihood the big maidan near Bristol Institute, Tanjore, will be utilised for the construction of an aerodrome.

It was announced at Galway Health Board that a farmer's wife who eight months ago gave birth to twins, had again recently been admitted to Galway Hospital, where she had given birth to triplets, who lived only a few minutes. The mother, it was added, was doing well, and the eight-months-old twins were thriving. The case has aroused much interest in Irish medical circles. Application is to be made for the bounty both to the King and the Governor-General.

Held on police bail of \$2,000 which was afterwards reduced by Mr. R. E. Lindsell to \$25, a coolie foreman of the Kowloon Godown Company who had previously been remanded, was yesterday produced before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy charged with assaulting a coolie employed by the Company. It was stated that disobedience on the part of the subordinate led to a fight between the foreman and the coolie, in the course of which the foreman was alleged to have kicked the coolie. The Police fixed bail at \$2,000 because it was at first thought that the coolie had suffered a ruptured spleen. The Magistrate having ascertained that the injured man's condition is now not considered serious, ordered the defendant to pay a fine of \$10.

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## A WEEK'S PAPERS IN ONE.

For the first time in many months Chinese military activities have shifted from the Yangtze ports to the coastal city of Swatow, which has been captured by a body of "Reds." Situated in the Provincial of Kwangtung and nominally under the dominance of General Li Chai-sum, Swatow capitulated to the invaders without much of a fight. Three Cantonese forces are now making their way towards the city, and it is expected that the "Reds" will evacuate rather than force the relieving soldiers.

The situation on the Yangtze is not very definite. What is certain is that the breach between the Wu-Han and Nanking Nationalists is gradually widening and that there is little likelihood of a united government or military organisation to take up arms against the North. Full details are given in the "Overland."

During the week the Portuguese colony of Hong Kong has been en fete in honour of the visit of H.E. the Governor of Macao. His Excellency's activities are fully set forth in this issue of the "Overland." Of great local interest also has been the trial of the two Chinese charged with the murder of a European lady, Mrs. Mackay, at Chai Wan, a little while ago. Sporting and social activities are fully dealt with in this issue.

READY TO DAY.  
Mail via Suez closes at 10.30 a.m. on Saturday.  
Mail via Siberia closes at 10.30 a.m. on Tuesday.

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## SPORTS

## LAWN BOWLS.

To-morrow's Interport Trial Match.

## THE FAVOURED EIGHT.

Will a Better Standard of Play Be Seen?

[By "Short Head"]

No other lawn bowls matches are on the card to-morrow, save the interport trial match on the Craignewer C.C. green, this being considered of sufficient importance to warrant an afternoon to itself.

The respective rinks will comprise:

Atkinson Laing  
Smith Basa  
Holland Cullen  
Wallace Pendered  
(skip) (skip)

Reserves: Omar and Macfarlane. Seven of these have already played on the same green twice (excluding the reserves), and one has played once. That is quite sufficient for them to find out any intricacies of the green—or should be! There is hardly likely to be any dispute as to the ultimate skip.

Wallace has already won his place. Cullen has so far been the best of the Number Threes, but if Holland plays better than a fortnight ago there may be a good race for the position. Basa is more likely than Smith to get the second position. The problem of Number One is still unsolved.

In the interval between last trial game Atkinson has beaten W. Macfarlane in the third round of the open singles championship, whilst Macfarlane has been on the losing side in the Spey Royal Cup contest.

Could Atkinson reproduce his form against Macfarlane when he plays to-morrow neither Laing nor Omar would have much chance against him. But then his tie with Macfarlane was played on the K.C.C. green and not the Craignewer.

It is only to be hoped that a much better display will be given by the teams as a whole.

As for the visiting Shanghai team since I wrote on Wednesday I hear that Malcolm was down here about nine years ago. He is keenness personified, and that is a great asset to a side. The team as a whole, however, is much below what we were at one time led to expect, but, of course, that is not to say that Hong Kong can count its chickens before they are hatched. Anything may happen in lawn bowls.

## LOCAL GOLF.

## SUNDAY STARTING TIMES.

Following are the starting times for Sunday:

9.20 a.m.	R. M. Smith and D. G. Bruce.
9.24 a.m.	K. S. Morrison and D. Forbes.
9.28 a.m.	H. Bloxham and B. Raworth.
9.32 a.m.	H. L. Carson and T. Low.
9.36 a.m.	F. Cowherd and W. L. Alexander.
9.40 a.m.	R. K. Hepburn and H. Spicer.
9.44 a.m.	C. C. Stark and T. S. Whyte-Smith.
9.48 a.m.	F. M. Ellis and A. J. Frank.
9.52 a.m.	S. T. Butlin and N. K. Littlejohn.
9.56 a.m.	W. Tait and J. F. Kennedy.
10.00 a.m.	A. Leach and A. O. Brown.
10.04 a.m.	Lt. Col. Badcock and Capt. Gardiner.
10.08 a.m.	T. G. Weall and R. K. Valentine.
10.12 a.m.	H. A. Ismam and A. E. Lissaman.
10.16 a.m.	W. C. Clark and A. R. Cox.
10.20 a.m.	E. J. Mahon and W. C. Murray.
10.24 a.m.	L. Nantz and C. Shank.

## LOCAL CRICKET.

## INDIANS v. VOLUNTEERS.

The following will represent the Indians in the above match on Sunday, October 2, on the Chinese Recreation Club Ground commencing at 2 p.m.—H. A. Rumjahn, A. H. Madar, S. A. Ismail (Captain), A. R. Minu, F. M. el Arculli, M. P. Madar, S. H. Ismail, S. A. R. Ismail, J. S. Ackbar, A. S. Suffield, A. K. Mintu.

## DUNCAN WINS.

## FRENCH OPEN GOLF TITLE.

Paris, Yesterday.—George Duncan, with an aggregate of 239 for 72 holes won the French open golf championship at the St. German links—Reuter.

## BIG BILL TILDEN.

## FACTS ABOUT FAMOUS PLAYER.

## WHEN HE SLIPPED.

The "peak" in athletic form is an elusive thing. Sometimes it comes at the age of sixteen, sometimes at twenty-five, sometimes at thirty-five. Seldom, after that.

Once passed it's hard to get back again, writes Robert Edgren.

There's Tilden, the world's greatest tennis player for several years. Until last year Tilden had such an edge of superiority over all other players that he could tickle his own sense of humour by letting his opponents come within a point of winning, with Tilden far behind, and then come through in straight sets to a victory. Last year Tilden slipped and was beaten in individual championship play. This year he started like a whirlwind, after a long training siege, cleaned up opposition in this country, went to Europe and in his first championship tournament went to the semi-final before he skidded and was beaten out. He went on winning other matches—almost, but not quite, the cocksure, invincible Tilden. He has slipped over the peak of tennis form, and while he may beat a lot of other champions and contenders for championships, he won't be sure of himself at any time.

Big Bill is the greatest tennis player the game has ever known. He was as much above other players as Jeff Willard was above other fighters when he knocked out Jack Johnson and found no other rival until four years of ring inactivity had softened him and robbed him of his speed. Tilden's height and great reach give him a tremendous advantage over other players. He has almost unlimited reserves of speed and endurance that can be called out in an emergency. He has a sense of the dramatic that makes him hold back in hard matches, to finish with an irresistible burst of furiously-fast play. He seems always to be able to pull an unexpected rally and win with straight sets when hard pressed. A great player physically, and one of the closest students of all points of the game, Tilden is master of every stroke that can be used. He has turned defensive strokes into his best offence, and he often wins by some unexpected strategy. But there is the snag. He was beaten by the Frenchman, Cochet, when he had the game well won.

Tilden Accomplished in Other Lines. Probably there never has been any other sport champion with so much versatility. When not concentrating his mind on preparing for a championship series, he thinks of nothing but music, bridge, art, and literature. Except

Big Bill has won more tennis championships than any other player in history. He won the American National Singles several years in a row, and was the first foreigner to win the English Singles classic at Wimbledon. He was in the American team that brought the Davis Cup from Australia, and with Little Bill Johnston successfully defended it.

Tilden received the title "Big Bill" while playing in England with William Johnston several years ago. The English sense of humour was tickled by the contrast between these two great champions, and "Big Bill" and "Little Bill" was the result.

Beaten at His Own Game.

Big Bill's scientific interest in tennis is responsible for the "cat and mouse" play he has shown in so many important matches. It seems to amuse him, to let his opponent come within a stroke or two of winning and then cut loose at the last moment with an irresistible attack. He had the gallery on edge in a cup match several years ago when he let a Japanese player coming within one stroke of winning, and then ran out in straight sets without allowing the Japanese to score another point. This cold science has not been appreciated by the spectators at all, but it has amused Big Bill.

Little Bill Johnston and Maurice McLaughlin had a much greater hold on the tennis crowds. But perhaps part of that popularity came from the fact that these two great players had to use all their speed and skill and energy to win. They were always fighting, and the whole world loves a fighter. Big Bill is sometimes amusing himself, but he can fight in a pinch, and always does. Tilden explains his trick of letting an opponent pile up points when he might prevent it by saying that he finds it interesting to study his rival's methods at their best, and then defeat the victim with his pet strokes. And to all appearances this is just how Tilden was defeated himself, for the Frenchman beat him at Wimbledon when he was within an ace of winning the match.

It's the same way in other sports. It's a great champion who can stand off the rush of ambitious youth through half a dozen years.

Paddock.

Charlie Paddock is one athlete who doesn't believe he has passed the peak. After a dozen years of competition in the sprints, in which he had outlasted scores of rivals, Paddock broke the 100 yards world's record last year and came out to try for the 220 yards record this year before retiring. His first spring races were fairly promising, but Paddock got into pictures and stopped training. He ran again and was beaten in Arizona by a local sprinter. Paddock said he wouldn't run again until next year. But lately he has been out on the track training. Chries has a new idea. He wants to team up with Murray Schultz and the two fastest schoolboy sprinters in the country, Wykoff and Slocum, of Glendale High School, and go after the half-mile and mile relay world's records. Schultz is a 9.8 sprinter. Paddock might get down to 9.6. Wykoff and Slocum have run consistently 9.8 through the season, and Wykoff has run in 9.7 this year, with four of the five watches catching him in 9.6.

The Newark A.C. holds the present quarter-mile relay record of 41.6 seconds, set last year. This should be easy enough for Paddock and his team mates if they run to form. The same four are equally fast over the 220 yards, and should run a record half mile relay.

Vincent Richards, comfortably established as a professional tennis player, points out the fact that the best amateurs, like Tilden, can ravel all over the world playing in amateur tournaments and matches, living in good hotels and all that sort of thing, even if they have no great "private income." Perhaps

Vinnie is trying to chase a few more amateurs, including Tilden, out into the professional ranks.

Pyle says he is planning more professional matches for the winter season. It would be funny if

Tilden turned pro and beat Richards as consistently as he beat him when both were amateurs—probably Tilden could make good money with a season of professional tennis, at that. His present come-back campaign would be good advertising.

La Barba Wants to Relinquish.

Wanted, a chance to shake off a ring title before September. Here's an odd situation. Fidel La Barba, flyweight champion, is going to college in September and doesn't want to take his title along because it might be embarrassing to have all the professors running along to look at him when he crosses the campus. Fidel has put away money enough to pay for his education and stay him in business afterwards. He says he'll never pull on the gloves again professionally when he's through with college.

Tilden No Longer Young.

Big Bill Tilden is no chicken. If he were a boxer he'd be considered rather ancient to be cavorting around among the champions.

He was born at Germantown, Pa., on February 10, 1898. His elder brother was a good tennis player, and while still in short pants William chased balls for him on the courts of the Germantown Cricket Club, where in later years he defended his own national tennis honours. Tilden has taught himself the game, and is still trying to learn. There's something new to be learned in tennis; even the sport did originate in the court of a famous king, several hundred years ago.

## WORLD CHESS.

## ANOTHER DRAWN GAME.

St. Louis, Yesterday.—In the fifth game Capablanca Alekhine drew after 41 moves. Pautz, American, was

## THE VOLUNTEERS.

The following orders have been issued by Lt.-Col. L. G. Bird, D.V.O., Administrative Commandant.

Battalions.—Parade at Corps Headquarters on Friday, October 7, at 5.30 p.m. All those who have not passed all their Musketry Tests Nos. 1 to 6 will attend.

Tests: Musketry Order.

Corps Drill Parade.—A Corps drill parade for the benefit of these trained men wishing to pass drill tests Nos. 1 to 4 inclusive for the training year 1927-1928 will take place on Monday, October 8, at 5.30 p.m. at Corps Headquarters for a special N.C.O. Course of training in Vickers Gun.

Further parades: October 11, 20 and 21 only.

Musketry.—Infantry Company will be Part II. at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, October 2, 1927.

Rifle Officer: Lieut. A. H. Penn.

Further parades: October 11, 20 and 21 only.

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**JAPAN & MUKDEN.**

**BOYCOTT MOVEMENT NOT DEEP ROOTED.**

Mr. Yoshizawa's representations have taken effect and General Yang Yu-ting, Chang Tao-lin's right hand man, has left for Mukden to deal with the anti-Japanese agitation. The Japanese residents of Mukden are naturally excited, but the Government at Tokyo seems inclined to exercise patience, encouraged by the thought that if the movement has been officially encouraged it can be easily damped down. There is little else for Tokyo to do unless and until it should become convinced that a serious attack on Japan's interests is under way.

The Starting Point.

The trouble began with strikes and violence in the Pechihuo Coal and Iron Company's works. Communist agitators were blamed but that is common form. The Mukden newspapers are now attacking Chang Tao-lin, and one of those mysterious societies which adopt high-sounding patriotic titles and appear out of the wedge at opportune moments is placarding Mukden with denunciation of the Generalissimo. Chinese newspaper proprietors are not the stuff of which martyrs are made, and the fact that they have come out against Chang as well as against Japan rather suggests the useful art of camouflage. It is clear also that the demonstrators have never got quite out of hand. We cannot yet tell how serious the boycott of Japanese goods may be, but the violence has up till now been more exasperating than dangerous. School children have been stoned, shop windows have been broken, and a so-called flag outrage has been reported. The official version of the latter incident has not reached Tokyo, but the press reports show that it was not the national emblem of Japan that was insulted but a banner printed with some congratulatory words about the birth of the princess. Mukden police are endeavouring to check rowdyism and protect the Japanese. A demonstration which was to have been held on Sunday was prohibited by the authorities. In short, there is so far no reason for undue alarm and no sign that the Government or the public in Japan are getting "rattled." Baron Tanaka has left Tokyo for a political tour in the country, and the act is evidence that he finds the latest reports reassuring.

A Danger Spot.

Manchuria is sometimes called the danger spot of the Far East and the reasons for that description are plain enough. They first took shape more than thirty years ago when Russia thrust the Chinese Eastern Railway right through Manchuria to the sea. The Russo-Japanese War effectively checked Russian penetration, and Japan acquired as a result of the war, Russia's rights in South Man-

churia. Japan and Russia in 1907 defined Manchuria as the Russian sphere of South Manchuria as the Japanese. The Japan-Soviet agreement of 1917, and the Japanese subsidiary lines of the Manchuria Railway into the former Russian sphere of Kirin-Kaiyuan and the Taohetsihar railroads, both of which are owned by the Chinese Government. In so doing Japan was in her rights under an agreement with China as well as under observations made at the Washington Conference. The Russians protested but their protest was徒. So long as the Nationalist party was dominated by Russia it was inevitable that Japan should give her countenance to the deniers which opposed Russia. The blocked Russian plans in Manchuria. But the Russians have been about their business and Japan has shown a good deal of sympathy with Nationalist aspirations, seeking for an explanation of Mukden outbursts, therefore the possibility cannot be left out of account that Chang Tao-lin may be demonstrating to Japan that his influence that matters in Manchuria where Japan's interests lie is not the South's.

"Positive" Policy.

The orthodox explanation of the disputes is that they are a

protest against the so-called positive policy of the present Tokyo Government. The positive policy, however, is a nebulous affair and seems to be something for home consumption during the impending elections rather than any new departure in China. The most tangible description that can be given is that the positive policy is an intention to press to a conclusion certain pending questions. The foremost of these is the Japanese protest against the construction of the Hailungchen-Kirin, and the Chaoyangfu-Silino River railroads, built for China with Japanese capital; and violating the treaty provision that China shall not build railways parallel to the South Manchuria line. Japan has also entered a strong protest against the surtax imposed on trade by the Mukden Government. Those appear to be the only important requests which Japan has made recently, and they are not new. It is reported from China that Japan is also pressing for the right, acquired by the 1915 treaty, to lease land in South Manchuria for her various enterprises there which are rapidly developing the wealth of Manchuria and which urgently require larger holdings. The establishment of consulates near the Korean border is also contemplated. The land lease question, however, has not yet been raised. Chang's strongest objections are probably directed against the veto on his new railways, parts of which are already built, but he can hardly have been ignorant of the 1915 treaty and if he was he must have been reminded of its existence before now.

Policy Unchanged.

On the whole, the substance of the positive policy does not seem sufficient to explain the anti-Japanese movement in Mukden, though the method was calculated to create alarm. The holding of elaborate conferences and the almost spontaneous generation of a crop of rumours were bound to make the Chinese fear that something dreadful was coming. In reality, Japanese policy seems to be much as it was. It is significant that the leader of the Opposition, addressing his party last Thursday, offered no objections to the Government's actions in Manchuria though he vigorously attacked it for sending troops to Shantung. The Japanese press, which is in most things critical of the present Government and generally sympathetic with Nationalist China, has found nothing to oppose in the Manchuria policy except its method. The international relations of China, already complicated almost beyond rational explanation, are further complicated by their latest turn. No explanation can be offered with any great confidence that it may not be disproved by events, but the facts that are known, such as they are, suggest that the movement is not very deeply rooted, and that patience and caution will see it through.—Japan Advertiser.



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